CATALOGUE

OF THE

OFFICERS AND STUDENTS

OF

JEFFERSON COLLEGE,

WASHINGTON,

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

Patched;

PRINTED BY ANDREW MARSCHAL.

1830.
BOARD OF TRUSTEES
OF
JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

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J. HOLBROOK, A. M. Superintendent.

MAJ. J. HOLBROOK, Professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Military Science.

E. B. WILLISTON, Professor of the Greek and Latin Languages and Belles-Lettres.

The Assistant Professors and Instructors are,

One in Mathematics and Tactics.

One in the Latin and Greek Languages.

One in the French Language.

One in the Spanish Language.

One in the English Branches.

One in Fencing.

One in Music.

Also, a Lecturer on Chemistry and Mineralogy.

CADETS.

NAMES.

George W. Andrews,

James M. Batchelor,

William B. Beverley,

James R. Bland,

Samuel E. Brabston,

James M. Brabston,

Gerard C. Brandon,

James C. Brandon,

William Brown,

William P. Bryan,

John W. Bryan,

William L. Chew,

Augustus Chew,

Beverly G. Chew,

John H. Collier,

Douglas H. Cooper,

Buckner M. Darden,

George W. Darden,

William Diamond,

William H. Dunbar,

Joseph Dunbar,

John W. Dunbar,

Alexander B. Dunbar,

James Dunbar,

James Dunlap,

Andrew M. Evans,

Frederick H. Farrar,

Thomas P. Farrar,

Edgar D. Farrar,

George W. Fox,

James D. Galbraith,

RESIDENCE.

Jefferson County.

Amite, Miss.

Second Creek, Adams Co.

Natchez.

Vicksburg.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Natchez.

Washington.

Second Creek, Adams Co.

Second Creek, Adams Co.

Second Creek, Adams Co.

Adams County.

Adams County.

Second Creek, Adams Co.

Natchez.

Washington.

Washington.

Washington.

Natchez.

Washington.
THE PRINCIPALS OF JEFFERSON COLLEGE, respectfully inform the public, that this Institution was opened on the 7th Dec., 1829.—Provision has been made for thorough instruction in the English, French, Spanish, Latin and Greek Languages; English Composition; Rhetoric; History; Geography, with the construction and use of the Maps and Globes; Topography; Book-keeping, by double and single entry; Arithmetic; Algebra; Geometry; Logarithms; Plane and Spherical Trigonometry; Mensuration of Heights, Distances and Solids; Surveying; Navigation; Civil Engineering, including the construction of roads, canals and rail-roads; Conic Sections; Natural and
Moral Philosophy; the Elements of Chymistry; Astronomy; Music and Fencing; Military Science, embracing both ancient and modern Tactics; the Constitution of the United States and the Laws of Nations.

A merit roll will be made out from the reports of the Officers and Instructors, a copy of which will, when requested, be sent to parents or guardians. The names of those standing highest on this roll, will be published in the annual report.

Any student who may not complete the whole course, shall, upon leaving the College in regular and honorable standing, be entitled to a discharge, signed by the Superintendent, in which will be enumerated the different branches of Literature and Science he may have attended to during his residence at the Institution.

Any student, who may complete the entire course and pass an examination satisfactory to the Trustees and Officers of the College, shall be entitled to a diploma. [No discharge or diploma will be given till all bills are paid.]

The French and Spanish Languages are not considered as constituting a part of the course. They may, however, be substituted for the Greek and Latin, at the option of the student; in which case the names of the Greek and Latin, at the option of the student; in which case the student will be taught the formation of military parade, the turning off, mounting, and relieving guard; the duties of officers of the guard, officers of the day, and adjutants; making out the various descriptions of military reports; in fine, all the duties incident to the field or the garrison. They will be attended to at those hours of the day which are generally passed by students in idleness or useless amusements, for which they will be made a pleasing and healthful substitute.

Particular attention will be given to instruction in the application of science to the useful arts, and to practical education generally. The great importance of this branch of education is now almost universally acknowledged.

Physical education, which, in most of our seminaries for the instruction of youth, forms no part of the system, demands, and will receive, in this, the utmost attention. A large portion of the graduates of our seminaries of learning, become enfeebled during the time spent in acquiring their education, through want of regular, healthful exercise. This evil it is proposed to remedy by devoting a small part of each day to military or other exercises; by occasional marches and pedestrian excursions, having for their object to inspire the pupils to fatigue and hardship; and by practical scientific operations in the field under the direction of their instructors.

The site of the College edifice is very favorable. The buildings are commodious and airy, and in complete repair. The principal building is spacious enough for lodging comfortably more than a hundred students. There is an excellent spring near the College.

The most perfect regularity in their studies, exercises and amusements, and the constant employment of time to some useful and practical purpose will be required and enforced, by which early habits of attention, industry and perseverance will be formed; and will impart to after life their tone and influence. To cultivate and establish such habits, the instructors will direct their unremitting efforts. They will constantly associate with the students and have a supervision over every part of their conduct.

The morals of the students will be guarded by removal from temptation to vice; and their healths will be preserved by the sobriety of the regimen, by cleanliness in their rooms and persons, and especially by lodging on moss or hair mattresses, and by that wholesome physical discipline in athletic and military exercises, which will cultivate a manly deportment, give strength and energy to the constitution, and return the scholar to his studies with renewed relish and vigor.

Their manners will be cultivated by the terms of intercourse constantly sustained between the teachers and students, in which the department of gentlemen and the courtisies and civilities of well regulated society will be carefully inculcated. They will board with the officers of the College in the style and manner of a well regulated family.

It is designed to give every youth, who may complete his course at this Seminary, a useful education; to rear up a "sound mind in a sound body," to mould into and cultivate all those liberal, manly and independent sentiments, which ought to characterise every American, whether citizen or soldier—in fine, to qualify him for the efficient discharge of the duties, that may devolve upon him in public or private life.

No other system of government holds out so strong inducements to mental culture as that of our own country. Enjoying the utmost freedom of civil and religious rights, the American citizen will obtain that standing and influence in society, which his talents, his acquirements, his exertions and his character merit. Eminence at the bar, devotion in the sacred desk, employment in administering health and comfort to the invalid, the occupation of instructors in our schools, professorships in our Academies and Colleges, distinction in Science and Literature, an acquaintance with our civil institutions, laws, constitutions and government—these, all these are laudable objects and inducements, for the ardent youth, the practical man, the devoted scholar and the patriotic statesman.
Tenants.—The Academic and other expenses per annum, for each student, will be as follows:

1. Tuition, in any or all the before mentioned branches, (except the French and Spanish Languages, Music and Fencing,) board, washing, fuel, lights, use of Mathematical instruments, Maps and Globes; room rent; use of arms and accoutrements; use of bedding. $200 per Academic year.

2. Testimonials of good moral character and correct habits will be required of every applicant for entrance into the Institution; and all bills must be paid yearly or half yearly in advance. The Academic year will consist of forty-two weeks; and all bills will be made out accordingly.

3. Every Cadet, upon admission into the Seminary, is required to deposit in the hands of the Superintendent, all moneys he may have in his possession, which will be credited to him.

4. Every Cadet is prohibited purchasing any thing, or trading in any manner whatever, without permission from the Superintendent.

5. Clothing, Books, Stationary, &c., for the use of the Cadets, are furnished by an agent appointed for that purpose, and at the usual prices. Every thing which the Superintendent may deem necessary for the improvement, health, and convenience of the Cadets, can be supplied in this manner; and, therefore, no Cadet while here under any circumstances must be supplied with money, or other articles, except by the Superintendent, or by his order.

6. For the purpose of giving the Cadets a military appearance and a feeling of equality, and also on a principle of economy, they will be required to wear a uniform dress, which consists of a uniform coat of blue broad cloth, (the price varying according to size from $9 to $13); a uniform cap with its pompon and socket ($4 50); and uniform stock ($0. 75). These three, coat, cap, and stock, are constantly the same in the uniform, and can be furnished here only— for summer, white vests and white pantaloons; and for winter, blue vests (from $2 50 to $3), and blue cloth pantaloons (from $3 to $7 50). Any common clothing is allowed to be worn generally, except on duties requiring uniformity; and such clothing may be brought with the Cadet, or obtained here. Any common conveniences, as penknife, inkstand, ruler, dictionary, &c. &c., that are already on hand may be brought, or they can be purchased here.

7. There will be one public examination each year, during the first two weeks in April; also, examinations on Saturdays, upon the studies pursued during the week. A board of visitors, to consist of the board of Trustees of the College and other gentlemen of science and literature, will attend the annual examination, and report upon the condition of the Institution. There will be a vacation of ten weeks, viz: from the middle of August to the 1st of November; at the expiration of which, every Cadet will be required to return and report himself promptly. Students are admitted at any time; but there are three periods of the year it is most desirable they should enter, viz: the 1st of November, the 1st of January, and after the annual examination in April.

8. Every Cadet is required to be furnished with a Bible, and to attend public worship on the Sabbath, in company with one or more of the Officers of the Institution. The reading and study of the Holy Scriptures, and also of other Christian and moral books, is earnestly and urgently enjoined upon all, during leisure hours generally, but particularly on the Sabbath.

9. In all exercises, every Cadet is required to repair to the place of parade, drill or other duty, promptly at the time appointed; and when on duty, the strictest attention to the correct and efficient discharge of such duty must be given. The Cadets, in rotation, will discharge the duties of non-commissioned and commissioned officers, officer of the guard and of the day, of adjutants and commandants of parade and police officers; and whenever a Cadet is in the exercise of any command, he must be treated with perfect respect, and implicit obedience yielded to his orders by all concerned.

10. Each Cadet is required to make good all damages done to his room, arms or accoutrements, instruments and quarters or their appurtenances; and when it shall appear that such damage was wantonly committed, he will be further dealt with according to circumstances.

11. All Cadets will be strictly required to treat the Professors and Instructors of the College with the greatest respect; to give the
strictest attention to their instructions, and to yield implicit obedience to their orders, in every thing connected with their duties, under penalty of suspension or dismissal. And all Officers on their part, will reciprocate with them in all that courtesy and attention due to young gentlemen, in whose welfare they will ever feel the deepest interest.

12. Every Cadet must have his full name marked or written on every article. On joining the Institution, he is required to make out an inventory of all his books, clothes, and whatever else belongs to him, which inventory will be transcribed to his Permit Book, in which will be charged whatever the Superintendent allows to be furnished him; which book, and all other articles shall be subject to inspection when called for.

13. Cadets will be furnished with bedding. All other furniture shall be provided by themselves or at their expense. On removing, every facility will be afforded for disposing of it at a fair price. The amount and quality of it for each room, will be regulated by the Superintendent.

14. In all Institutions for the education of youth, discipline is of the first importance; and in this it will be parental, kind and liberal; but firm, and addressed to the good and honorable feelings of the students.

15. The character and conduct of gentlemen must be considered as inseparable from every member of this Institution; and every deviation from this standard, as well as any transgression of the rules and regulations of the Institution, will meet with an appropriate punishment.

16. Any Cadet who shall be guilty of quarrelling with or striking any other Cadet, or making use of improper names, reproachful, provoking, insulting, profane or vulgar language, any low familiarity, buffoonry or the like, shall be punished according to the nature and degree of the offence.

17. In all cases where punishment may become necessary, the great object will be the prevention of misdemeanor; in the first instance by endeavoring to reform the character of the pupil, and ultimately, where this cannot be done, by removing him from the Institution. The punishments will generally be, private reproof, public reprimand, extra duty, confinement to his room, suspension or dismissal, and no other mode of punishment will be resorted to, except in extreme cases. And no student, habitually negligent, or inattentive to the laws of the Institution, after all proper means have failed to reform him, will be permitted to retain his connexion.

It is to be hoped, however, that every Cadet will be induced to a full and correct discharge of all his duty, (agreeably to the letter and spirit of the above regulations,) by a high sense of moral obligation and of honor, rather than by a fear of punishment.